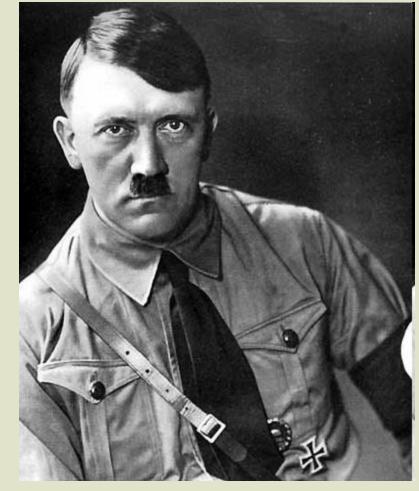
Objective: To examine the rise of European fascism. USHC 7.1

Do Now: What similarities existed regarding the rise of power of Adolf Hitler and Benito Mussolini?



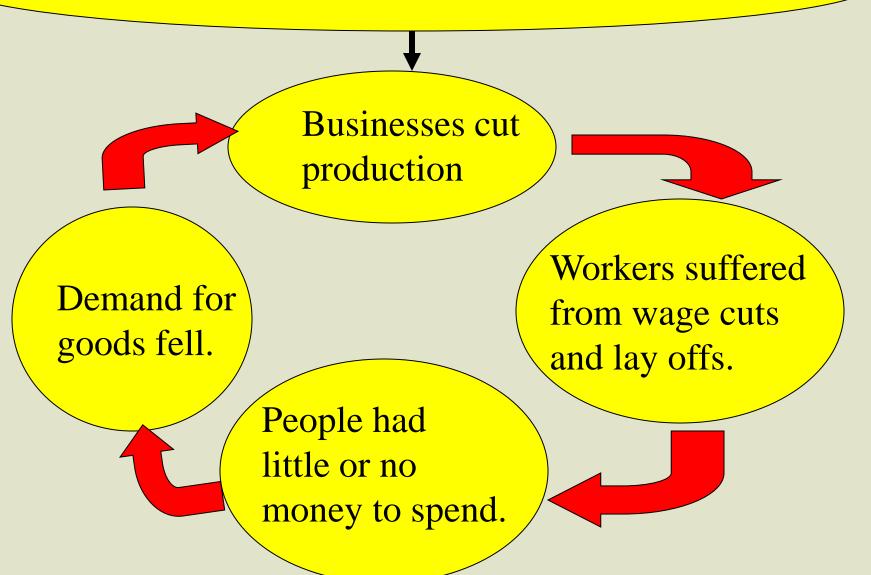
Adolf Hitler



Benito Mussolini

Factors of the Great Depression

Farms and factories overproduced beyond the demand.





Depression Diplomacy

- Isolationists passed a series of **Neutrality Acts** in the 1930's.
- These laws....
- banned arms sales or loans to countries at war.
- warned U.S. citizens not to travel on ships of countries at war.
- FDR announced the Good Neighbor Policy in an attempt to improve U.S. relations with Latin America.



Fascists in Italy

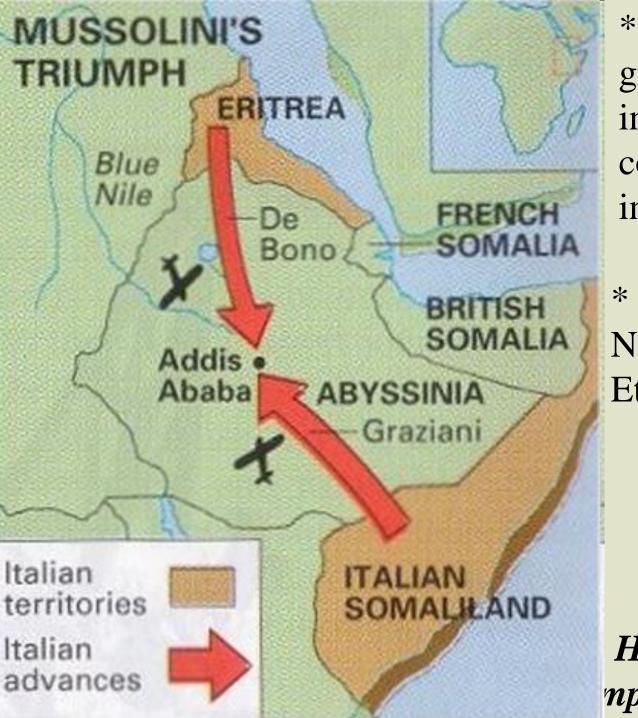
• Fascist **dictator** Benito Mussolini seized power in Italy in 1922.

Mussolini's policies:

- All political parties, except the Fascist party, were outlawed.

- He controlled the press and banned criticism of the government.

Benito Mussolini, 1936



* Promising Italians greatness, Mussolini invaded and conquered Ethiopia in 1935.

* The League of Nations failed to help Ethiopia.

Hailie Selassie, nperor of Ethiopia

Fascism in Europe

Benito Mussolini

• Italian

Adolf Hitler

German

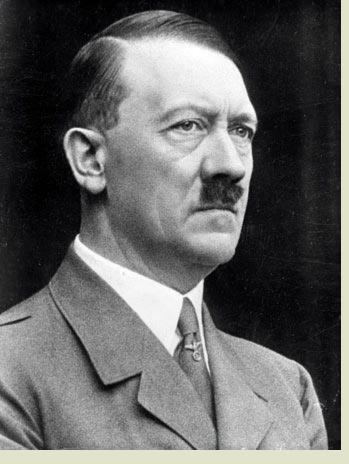
- Invaded Ethiopia in 1935.
- ded Anger over the Versailles treaty
 - Formed a totalitarian government
- Believed
- Germans were a superior
- "Aryan" race.
- Blamed the Jews for Germany's problems.

- Used economic unrest and fears of communism to gain support.
- Used nationalism to gain support.



Nazi Germany

- · Adolf Hitler and his Nazi party preached racial and religious hatred.
- · Hitler claimed that Germans were a part of a superior "Aryan" race, and that Jews were to blame for Germany's troubles.
- · In 1933, Hitler became chancellor, or head of the German government.



"If I can send the flower of the German nation into the hell of war without the smallest pity for the spilling of precious German blood, then surely I have the right to remove millions of an inferior race that breeds like vermin."

- Adolf Hitler



swastika, Nazi party symbol

Hitler's policies:

- He created a **totalitarian state**, in which the Nazi's controlled every aspect of German society.
- Citizens must always obey the government, and the government could not be criticized.
- Jews had their German citizenship taken away, they were forbidden from using public facilities, and they were removed from most types of work.

- Hitler built up his armed forces, in violation of the Versailles Treaty.

- Thousands of Jews were sent to concentration camps.
- Eventually, Hitler planned on killing all of Europe's Jews in a plan he called the Final Solution.

- Today his plan is referred to as the **Holocaust**.

