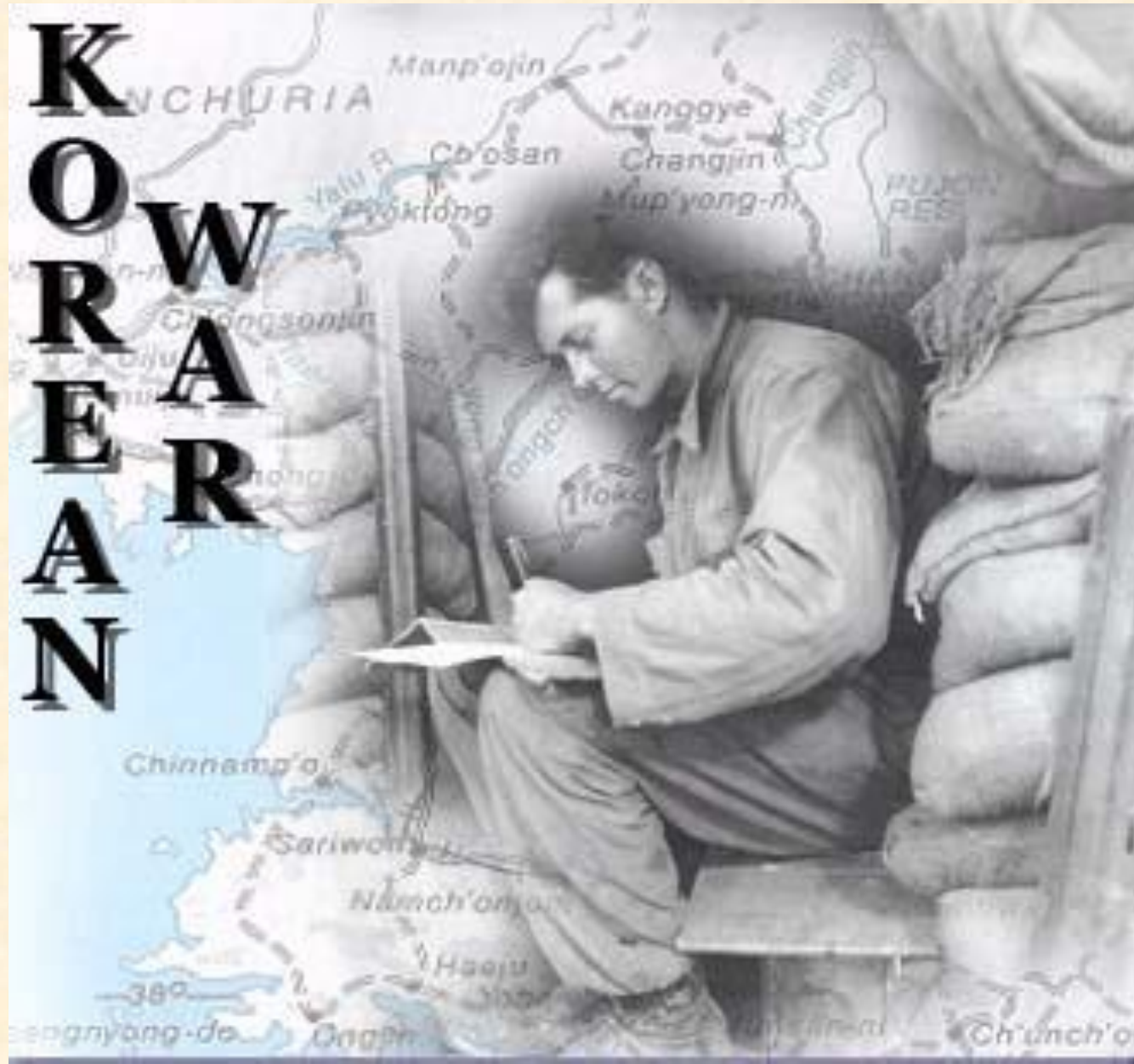


Objective: To examine the results of the Chinese civil war and the Korean War USHC 7.5



Growing Interest in China

People's Republic of China:

- In the 1940's, China was embroiled in a civil war.



Nationalists

Led by Chiang Kai-shek

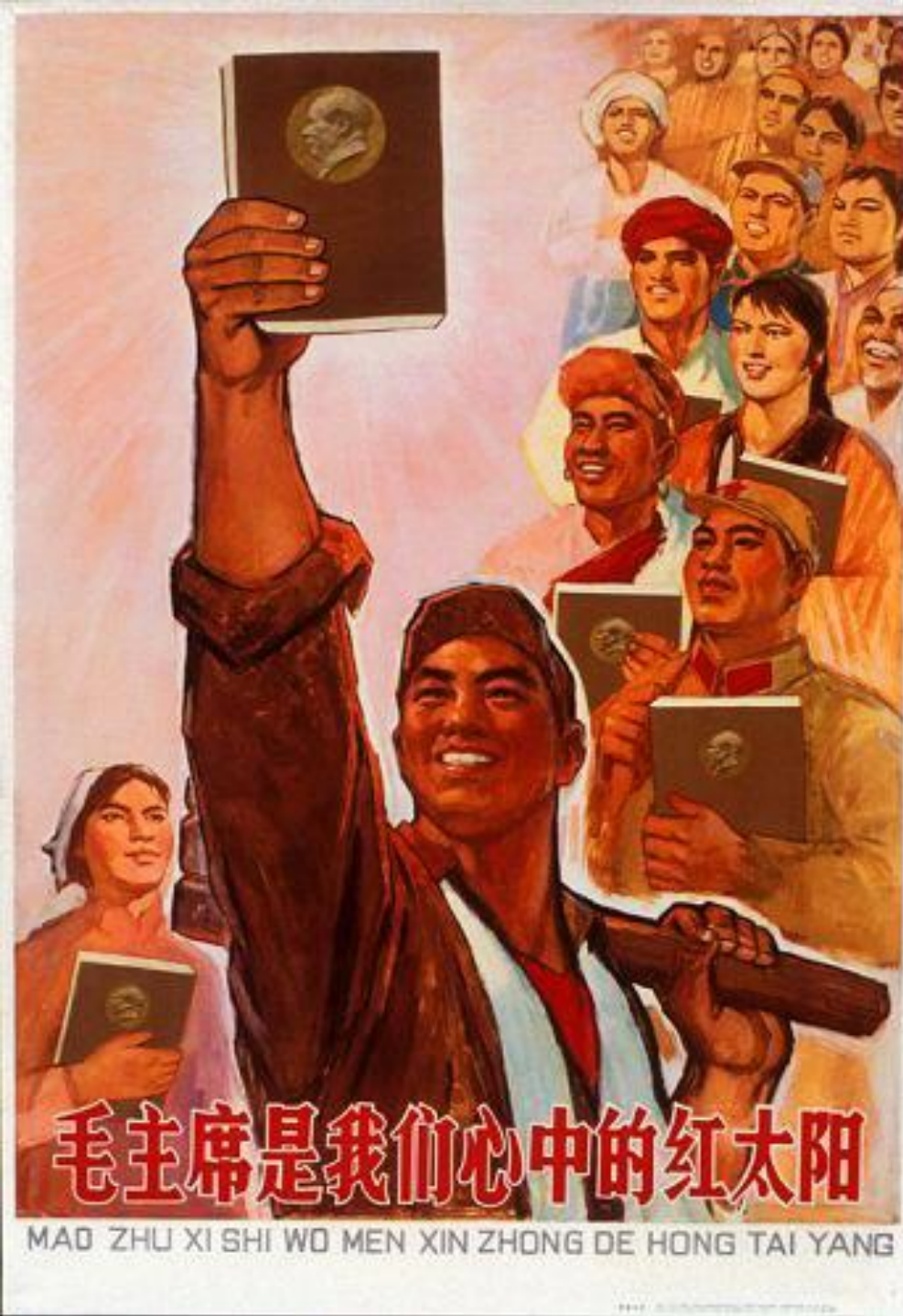


Communists

Led by Mao Zedong

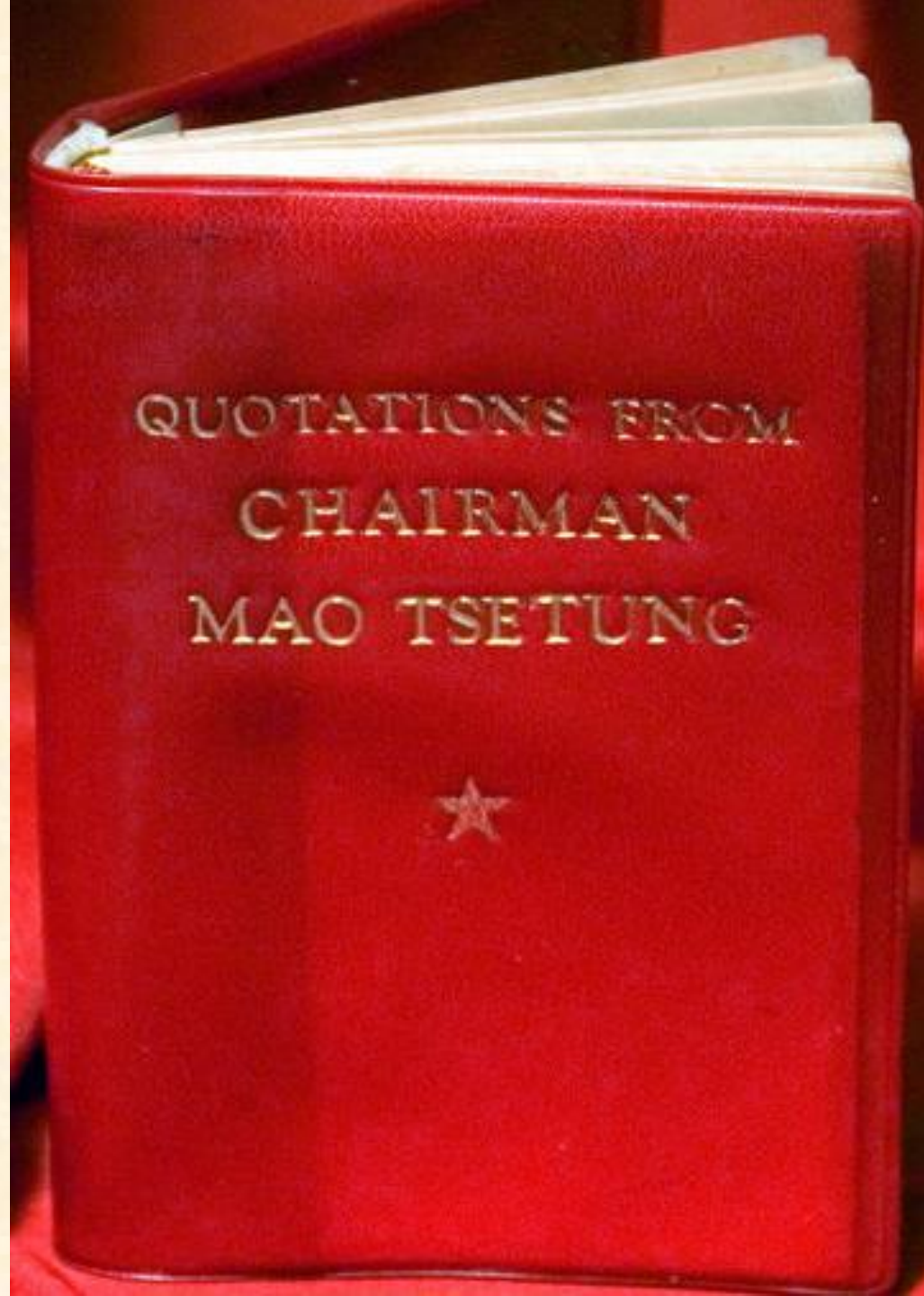
- The U.S. gave the Chiang Kai-shek millions of dollars, but the communists won the war.





*Chinese poster saying:
"Chairman Mao is the Red
sun of our hearts.", 1966*

*“Quotations From
Chairman Mao”
(frequently referred to as
the “Little Red Book”).*



Mao Zedong quotations:

On Socialism On Serving the People

“The socialist system will eventually replace the capitalist system; this is an objective law. In word, every act and every policy must conform to the people's interests, and if mistakes occur, they must be corrected, that is what being responsible to the people means.”

Portrait of Chairman Mao Zedong, Tiananmen Square, Beijing





- China became a communist country, and Chiang Kai-shek and his forces fled to Taiwan.



Taiwan students stage an anti-independence protest. Taipei, Taiwan, 2003

MULTILATERAL MAN STRIKES AGAIN!



WE WANT INDEPENDENCE!



**BACK OFF, PAL!
STOP THREATENING
THE STATUS QUO!**



Cox & Forkum
©2003

Fighting in Korea:

- Korea was divided at the 38th parallel of latitude.



- North Korea was communist and supported by the Soviets, and South Korea was democratic and supported by the U.S.



- In June of 1950, North Korea invaded South Korea.

- The U.N. sent an international force to Korea in order to push the North Koreans out of South Korea.



United Nations forces fighting to recapture Seoul, South Korea, from communist invaders, September 1950.

United Nations Forces in Korea: (Nation – Number Killed in Action)

 Australia - 339	 Netherlands - 116
 Belgium - 97	 New Zealand - 31
 Canada - 516	 Norway (noncombat role)
 Colombia - 146	 South Africa - 20
 Denmark (noncombat role)	 Philippines - 92
 Ethiopia - 122	 South Korea – 137,899
 France - 287	 Sweden (noncombat role)
 Greece - 194	 Thailand - 136
 India (noncombat role)	 Turkey - 721
 Italy (noncombat role)	 United Kingdom – 1,078
 Luxembourg - 7	 United States – 33,741
	 United Nations - 932,964 troops served



*MacArthur
at Inch'on
landing*

- U.S. General Douglas MacArthur led the U.N. force, approximately 80% of which were U.S. soldiers.

Ending the War:

- U.N. troops regained South Korea by March of 1951.
- Gen. MacArthur wanted to attack China with support of Chinese nationalists.
- President Truman disagreed with MacArthur about attacking China.

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Page 54, 47th

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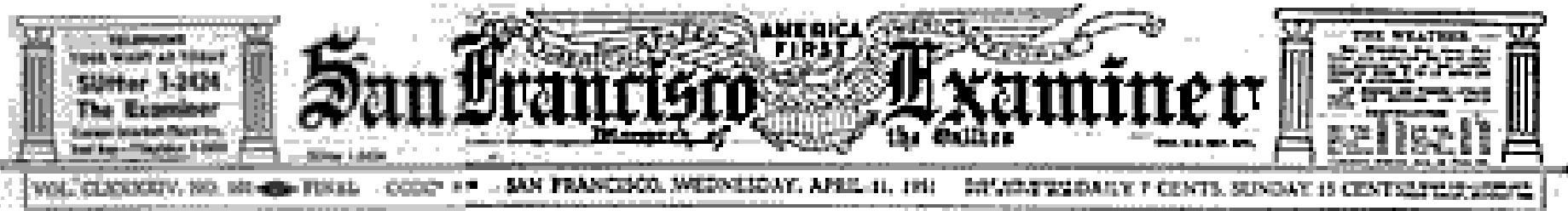
WEDNESDAY, APRIL 11, 1951

4:00 P.M. (DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY)

FIVE CENTS

TRUMAN FIRES M'ARTHUR

- Truman fired MacArthur for defying him by publicly taunting and threatening the Chinese.



TRUMAN OUSTS M'ARTHUR IN QUARREL OVER KOREA

- In July of 1953, the Korean War ended, in which over 54,000 Americans died.



*South Korean troops
patrol along the DMZ.*

